Welcome to **DEVILLA FOREST**

Red squirrels play and legends lurk in Devilla Forest. You can take a peaceful walk, cycle or ride the trails among the trees, watch for wildlife or **picnic** by a loch.

> Less than an hour's drive from Edinburgh, the Red Squirrel Trail is particularly popular with families.

> > A red squirrel's drev



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••• The Red Squirrel Trail

Watch for squirrels scurrying through the lodgepole pine on this short trail round Bordie Loch and past the legendary Standard Stone.

Firm gravel surface throughout with some uneven sections. Generally flat with some short fairly steep slopes. Two wide sections of boardwalk.

Devilla

Forest



Here you can walk among the Scots pine that the red squirrel loves. You can learn more about the animal, its habits and heritage along the way, look for 'squirrel shadows' hidden high in the trees and maybe even catch a glimpse of the real thing leaping from branch to branch.

The waymarked Red Squirrel Trail meanders in a loop around a beautiful woodland loch overlooked by shaded picnic tables and well-placed benches.

This corner of Devilla is rich with wildlife and history and many of its intriguing stories are told by the side of the trail.



Scots pine in Devillo



Conserving the Red Squirrel

Red squirrels are in decline across Britain. They have been devastated by the deadly squirrel pox virus, the destruction of woodlands and by the spread of grey squirrels. The North American grey squirrel was introduced into Fife in 1919 and is now widespread in central and southern Scotland. You can see them on the fringes of Devilla but the red squirrel is better adapted to life among the Scots pine and so the cousins have lived in close proximity here for decades. We work with conservation groups to support the red squirrel population. You can help by recording sightings during your visit to Devilla.

You can also get involved in conservation work here. For details, please see: www.forestry.gov.uk/centralscotland To learn more about red squirrels, visit: www.fiferedsquirrels.co.uk

Enjoy Scotland's outdoors responsibly

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and the **RED SQUIRREL TRAIL**

When you step onto the Red Squirrel Trail, you step into the home of one of Scotland's most iconic residents. The **red squirrel** has made a stronghold of **Devilla**, which in turn has made these tranquil woodlands a focus for efforts to conserve the embattled native species in Fife.



Coimisean na Coilltearachd Alba

Contact Forestry Commission Scotland Scottish Lowlands Forest District Five Sisters House Five Sisters Business Park West Calder EH55 8PN Tel: 0300 067 6700 E-mail: scottishlowlands@forestry.gsi.gov.uk Web: www.forestry.gov.uk/scotland





Lowlands and Fife

Devilla Forest and the Red Squirrel Trail





RED SQUIRREL detectives!

As you walk around the Red Squirrel Trail, look for 'squirrel shadows' among the trees that capture distinctive behaviour. You'll find clues on the special squirrel signal posts along the way ...

How many 'squirrel shadows' can you spot doing the following:

- Taking their first steps into the trees
- Eating their stashes of food
- Using their tails for communication and balance
- Climbing up and down tree trunks



Finding your way to Devilla Forest - The forest car park and way onto the Red Squirrel Trail can be found on the A985 Kincardine Bridge to Dunfermline road that runs along the southern edge of the forest. The car park is one mile east of Kincardine.

- **Blairadam** Three easy trails cross an 18th-century designed landscape blanketed in an attractive forest that includes towering spruces and beeches.
- Callendar Wood Choose from a variety of trails, including an all abilities trail, to explore an historic woodland close to Falkirk

If you need this publication in an alternative format, please contact: The Diversity Team

Tel: 0300 067 5000 Email: diversity@forestry.gsi.gov.uk



With the assistance of the European Social Fund supported Fife Intermediate Labour Market programme (FILM

For information on public transport services contact: Traveline Scotland, 0871 200233 or www.travelinescotland.com

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Deeper into Devilla Forest

Beyond the RED SQUIRREL TRAIL

Devilla covers 700 ha of forest, much of which was planted in the 1950s. You can leave the waymarked trail and explore the network of paths that extend through one of the largest pine forests in the Scottish lowlands.

There are **four lochs** to find, home to thriving wildlife, including otters. Among the trees are many relics of past times, such as an enigmatic **stone monument** that tradition associates with Macbeth and a **gravestone** that marks the resting place of three children who died of the plague in 1645.

Devilla covers an historic landscape of farm and moorland whose place-names are rooted in Gaelic language and culture. Its own name means **'bad farm'**, which refers to land ill suited for farming, more than a mile north of the forest. Danish Camp or Trench Kno A fort reputedly used by Scandinavian invaders but probably much older

2 The Bore Ston

Where open-air court sessior were held and, curiously, leel were left during processions around the parish boundarie

The Red Squirrel Trail

Preybrae Second World War explosives research station Ruins of a military base protected by blast walls and steel plates Devilla's four lochs Havens for wildfowl and oth animals





Common buzzard

The Standard Stone Linked by legend to Macbeth and an ancient battle



Maggie Duncan's Stane A boulder said to have been scarred by a witch's apron strir



Plague grave Where children Robert, Agnes and Jeane Baids were buried in 1645

Maggie Duncan's Stane courtesy of Bob and Meg Smith, of Kincardine. Common buzzard and young roe deer from Shutterstock image library

Forest worker from a sawmill team near Moor Loch, 1913 Courtesy of Bob and Meg Smith, of Kincardin



Scots pine seedling

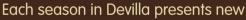
Devilla Today

Devilla Forest

Forestry Commission Scotland manages the forest to balance the demands of timber production with recreation and conservation. Local historians Bob and Meg Smith have pieced together much of the heritage of this special place.

Please treat the forest and its other visitors with respect and be aware that the trails are used by cyclists, horse riders and walkers.

Young roe deel



Red squirrel's winter food



experiences to the visitor. Come back again to see what this remarkable forest can offer.

Spring

- Wild flowers bloom, with primroses giving way to red campions and bluebells
- Vibrant green **new growth** transforms the Scots pine
- Hedgehogs, pipistrelle and Daubenton's bats **emerge** from hibernation

Summer

- Dragonflies and damselflies dart over the basin mires and the fringes of lochs while butterflies can be seen fluttering over woodland flowers
- Common **lizards** bask in the sunshine on sandy soils
- Great crested grebes perform elaborate mating displays on Moor Loch



Autumn

- Larches take on stunning autumn colours
- Tasty **blaeberries** ripen across Devilla
- **Red squirrels** gather and hide food for the coming winter months

Winter

- Animals leave footprints in the frost and snow – look out for red squirrels, pine martens, otters and badgers
- The **striking coats** of red squirrels are at their most bushy and vivid red
- Migrating Canada geese might rest on Moor Loch mid-journey

Great-crested grebe